

pin oak

Quercus palustris

Kingdom: Plantae

Division/Phylum: Anthophyta - flowering plants

Class: Order: Family:

FEATURES

The pin oak tree may grow to a height of 75 feet. Its lower branches droop. The bark is light or dark brown with little furrowing. The leaves are simple, up to seven inches long and divided more than one-half way to the middle into five to seven lobes, each tipped with a bristle. Leaves are arranged alternately along the branch. Male flowers are located on slender, drooping spikes. Female flowers are in clusters. The flowers are small, with male and female flowers separate but on the same tree. The pale brown acorns grow in clusters of one to four and are up to one-half inch wide. The acorn cap encloses less than one-fourth of the acorn.

BEHAVIORS

The pin oak grows in floodplain woods, along streams, at the edges of swamps and near ponds. This tree flowers from April through May. Its acorns are a good source of food for many species of wildlife.

HABITATS

bottomland forests	rivers & streams
lakes, ponds & reservoirs	
Lake Michigan	temp water supplies
marshes	wet prairies & fens
peatlands	— wet pramies a tene

ILLINOIS STATUS

common	endangered	threatened
native	O evotic	

ILLINOIS RANGE

statewide

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 1999. *Biodiversity of Illinois, Volume I: Aquatic Habitats* CD-ROM.